

Comprehensive Needs Assessment 2022 - 2023 School Report



Walton County
Harmony Elementary School

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.1 Identification of Team

The comprehensive needs assessment team consists of people who are responsible for working collaboratively throughout the needs assessment process. Ideal team members possess knowledge of programs, the capacity to plan and implement the needs assessment, and the ability to ensure stakeholder involvement. A required team member's name may be duplicated when multiple roles are performed by the same person. Documentation of team member involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Principal	Kimberly Lester
Team Member # 2	Assistant Principal	James Smith
Team Member # 3	Instructional Coach	Ikwo Poindexter
Team Member # 4	Intervention Specialist	Katie Woods
Team Member # 5	Gifted Teacher	Thaleelah Hillman
Team Member # 6		
Team Member # 7		

Additional Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	1st Grade Teacher	Candi Morris
Team Member # 2	3rd Grade Teacher	Kimberlyn Taylor
Team Member # 3	EIP Teacher	Tiffany Sorrells
Team Member # 4	Special Education Teacher	Jennifer Rice
Team Member # 5	Special Education Instructional Specialist	Emily Winnicki
Team Member # 6	Kindergarten Teacher	Ansley Tingler
Team Member # 7	Media Specialist	Liza Rachel Peters
Team Member # 8	Secretary	Leah Reppert
Team Member # 9	Paraprofessional	Keisha Jackson
Team Member # 10		

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.2 Identification of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are those individuals with valuable experiences and perspective who will provide the team with important input, feedback, and guidance. Required stakeholders must be engaged in the process to meet the requirements of participating federal programs. Documentation of stakeholder involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation</u> webinar for additional information and guidance.

Stakeholders

	Position/Role	Name
Stakeholder # 1	Parent/PTSO	Nicole Malcom
Stakeholder # 2	Student Success Alliance	Tina Reed
Stakeholder # 3		
Stakeholder # 4		
Stakeholder # 5		
Stakeholder # 6		
Stakeholder # 7		
Stakeholder # 8		

How will the team ensure that stakeholders,	The plan will be shared with stakeholders through email and/or face to face
and in particular parents and/or guardians,	meetings.
were able to provide meaningful input into	
the needs assessment process?	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.1 Coherent Instructional System

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of instructional needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Coherent Instructional System webinar for additional information and guidance.

Curriculum Standard 1 -Uses systematic, collaborative planning processes so that teachers share an understanding of expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction		
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1. Exemplary	A systematic, collaborative process is used proactively for curriculum planning.	
	Nearly all teachers or groups of teachers, support staff, and leaders within the school	
	have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
2. Operational	A systematic, collaborative process is used regularly for curriculum planning.	✓
	Most teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for	
	standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
3. Emerging	A collaborative process is used occasionally for curriculum planning.	
3. Emerging	Treonaborative process is used occasionally for earricatant planning.	
	Some teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for	
	standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process is rarely, if ever, used for curriculum planning.	
	Few, if any, teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common	
	expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	

Curriculum Standard 2 -Designs curriculum documents and aligns resources with the intended rigor of the require standards		
1. Exemplary	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope, and sequence documents, guides) that are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards are the products of a systematic, collaborative process. These curriculum documents and resources are used and continuously revised by teachers and support staff to ensure an alignment with the intended, taught, and tested standards.	
2. Operational	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope and sequence documents, guides) have been designed, and resources are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards. These curriculum documents and resources guide the work of teachers and instructional support staff.	√
3. Emerging	Curriculum documents and resources exist, but they are not complete in all content areas or grade levels or lack the intended rigor of the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, curriculum documents and resources exist to support the implementation of the intended rigor of the required standards.	

Instruction Standard 1 - Provides a supportive and well - managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	√
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most	
	classrooms.	
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some	
	classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few,	
	if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 -Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 3 -Establishes and communicates clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to curristandards		iculum
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work. Articulation of the learning targets is consistent and pervasive among like content areas and grade levels.	
2. Operational	Most teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work.	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any teachers establish clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	

Instruction Standard 4	-Uses research based instructional practices that positively impact student learning	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers pervasively demonstrate a repertoire of highly effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	
2. Operational	Most teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 5	Instruction Standard 5 -Differentiates instruction to meet specific learning needs of students		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Nearly all teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL). Remediation, enrichment, and acceleration are pervasive practices.		
2. Operational	Most teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Most teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).	√	
3. Emerging	Some teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.		
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.		

Instruction Standard 6 -Uses appropriate, current technology to enhance learning		
1. Exemplary	The use by staff members and students of appropriate, current technology to enhance learning is an institutional practice (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	
2. Operational	Most staff members and students use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	✓
3. Emerging	Some staff members, students, or both use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 7 -Provides feedback to students on their performance on the standards or learning targets		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide	
	students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
	Nearly all teachers systematically elicit diagnostic information from individual	
	students regarding their understanding of the standards or learning targets.	
2. Operational	Most teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students	✓
	with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
3. Emerging	Some teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students	
	with specific, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide	
	students with feedback on their performance, or the feedback that is provided is not	
	specific, timely, or understandable.	

Instruction Standard 8	Instruction Standard 8 -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progres		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress. Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.		
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	√	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.		
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.		

Instruction Standard 9 -Provides timely, systematic, data -driven interventions		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs. Interventions are designed to meet the needs of each student. The effectiveness of those interventions is consistently monitored and adjustments are made.	
2. Operational	Most students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.	✓
3. Emerging	Some students are provided extra assistance or needed support in a timely manner.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students are provided extra assistance or effective support in a timely manner.	

Assessment Standard 1 -Aligns assessments with the required curriculum standards		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
	Assessments are reviewed during the school year to ensure alignment.	
2. Operational	Most assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	✓
3. Emerging	Some assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	

	Assessment Standard 3 -Uses common assessments aligned with the required standards to monitor student progress, informative instruction, and improve teacher practices		
1. Exemplary	Teachers consistently use common assessments aligned with the required standards in nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both for diagnostic, summative, and formative purposes.		
	The data from the common assessments are analyzed down to the item level, and the results are used to inform instruction and improve teacher practices.		
2. Operational	Teachers use common assessments aligned with the required standards in most content areas to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices.		
3. Emerging	Teachers use some common assessments aligned with the required standards in a few content areas with a limited amount of data analysis to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	V	
4. Not Evident	Teachers use few, if any, common assessments to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.		

Assessment Standard 4 -Implements a process to collaboratively analyze assessment results to adjust instruction		
1. Exemplary	Teachers extensively use a systematic, collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is consistently adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results across all content areas, grade levels, or both.	
2. Operational	Teachers regularly use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is routinely adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	✓
3. Emerging	Teachers occasionally use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is sometimes adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process to analyze assessment results does not exist. Instruction is rarely, if ever, adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	

Assessment Standard 5 -Implements grading practices that provide an accurate indication of student progress on t required standards		ı the
1. Exemplary	The grading practices used by teachers across nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both, consistently provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
2. Operational	The grading practices used by teachers in most content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	✓
3. Emerging	The grading practices used by teachers in some content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	The grading practices used by teachers rarely, if ever, provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.2 Effective Leadership

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of leadership needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Effective Leadership webinar for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Standard 1 -Builds and sustains relationships to foster the success of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	Administrators consistently build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff. The school staff is fully engaged in relationship building through collaboration, internal and external communication, and building trust with staff, students, families,	
	and community stakeholders.	_
2. Operational	Administrators regularly build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	√
3. Emerging	Administrators sometimes build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators seldom, if ever, build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	

Leadership Standard 2 -Initiates and manages change to improve staff performance and student learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning.	√
	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders create a sense of urgency for change and effectively communicate a common vision.	
2. Operational	Administrators and the school leadership team initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning. The principal provides an appropriate balance of pressure and support to manage the change process for desired results.	
3. Emerging	Administrators initiate change to improve staff performance and student learning but do not sustain the change, remove barriers, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators initiate few, if any, changes that impact staff performance and student learning.	

Leadership Standard 3 -Uses systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices		
1. Exemplary	The principal and other school leaders continually use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices. The principal and other school leaders have a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the best practices for curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning.	√
2. Operational	The principal and other school leaders often use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	
3. Emerging	The principal and other school leaders occasionally use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	
4. Not Evident	The principal and other school leaders rarely, if ever, use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	

Leadership Standard 4 -Uses processes to systematically analyze data to improve student achievement		
1. Exemplary	Extensive, comprehensive processes, including root cause analysis, are used consistently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
2. Operational	Numerous processes are used frequently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	✓
3. Emerging	Some processes are in place and used occasionally to analyze data to improve student achievement.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, processes are in place to analyze data to improve student achievement.	

Leadership Standard 5 -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	√
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Leadership Standard 6 -Establishes and supports a data-driven school leadership team that is focused on student learnin		learning
1. Exemplary	A highly effective, proactive, and data-driven school leadership team is focused on student learning. The leadership team addresses nearly all areas of student and staff learning and school leadership, including the development, implementation, and regular monitoring of the school improvement plan.	
2. Operational	A data-driven school leadership team is established with stakeholder representation (e.g., core and non-core teachers, certified support staff) and is focused on student learning. The school leadership team meets regularly and uses norms and protocols to work effectively and efficiently.	√
3. Emerging	The school leadership team is established and has some stakeholder representation but is focused chiefly on school operations rather than student learning.	
4. Not Evident	A school leadership team does not exist or does not have adequate stakeholder representation.	

Leadership Standard 7	-Monitors and evaluates the performance of teachers and other staff using multiple data s	sources
1. Exemplary	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff through observations, surveys, data, and documentation is consistent and comprehensive, resulting in highly accurate performance evaluations. A comprehensive system is in place to provide teachers and staff with ongoing, accurate, timely, detailed, descriptive feedback related to their performance. Administrators use the evaluation process to identify role models, teacher leaders, or	
	both.	
2. Operational	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff regularly occurs using data or documentation, generally resulting in accurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive accurate, timely, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	√
3. Emerging	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff is inconsistent, incomplete, or lacks data or documentation, sometimes resulting in inaccurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive some descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff rarely occurs or often results in inaccurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive little or no descriptive feedback related to their performance.	

Leadership Standard 8 -Provides ongoing support to teachers and other staff		
1. Exemplary	A comprehensive support system that is timely and targeted to individual needs is	
	provided to teachers and other staff.	
2. Operational	Most support provided to teachers and other staff is targeted to individual needs.	✓
3. Emerging	Some support provided to teachers and staff is targeted to individual needs.	
4. Not Evident	Support to teachers and staff does not exist or is not targeted to individual needs.	

Planning and Organization Standard 1 -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders. The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed. The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained	
	commitment to continuous improvement.	
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders. The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	V
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.	
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.	

Planning and Organization Standard 2 -Uses a data-driven and consensus-oriented process to develop and impless chool improvement plan that is focused on student performance		olement a
1. Exemplary	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from nearly all stakeholders. The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a strong focus on increasing student performance. This process and plan consistently guide the work of the school staff.	√
2. Operational	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from most plan stakeholders. The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a focus on increasing student performance.	
3. Emerging	A school improvement plan has been developed with input from some stakeholders. The school improvement plan is based on incomplete data analysis with limited focus on student performance.	
4. Not Evident	An up-to-date, data-driven school improvement plan focused on student performance is not in place.	

Planning and Organization Standard 3 -Monitors implementation of the school improvement plan and makes adjusts as needed		adjustments
1. Exemplary	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are continually monitored by administrators, the school leadership team, and teacher leaders to evaluate the impact on student performance. Ongoing adjustments are made based on various performance, process, and perception data.	√
2. Operational	he goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are regularly monitored by administrators and the school leadership team to evaluate the impact on student performance. Adjustments are made to the plan, as needed, based on the analysis of data.	
3. Emerging	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are occasionally monitored by administrators.	
4. Not Evident	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 4 - Monitors the use of available resources to support continuous improvement		
1. Exemplary	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to	√
	support continuous improvement is consistently monitored.	
	School schedules and processes are designed to make effective use of personnel, time,	
	materials, and equipment.	
2. Operational	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to	
	support continuous improvement is frequently monitored.	
3. Emerging	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is inconsistently	
	monitored.	
4. Not Evident	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is rarely, if ever,	
	monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 5 -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, policies, schedules, and procedure to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness		
1. Exemplary	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed with stakeholder input, effectively communicated, and consistently implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are consistently reviewed and revised as needed.	✓
2. Operational	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed, communicated, and implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are periodically reviewed and systematically revised as needed.	
3. Emerging	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed but are not effectively communicated or are implemented inconsistently across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, policies, or procedures are not developed, are poorly communicated, or are ineffectively implemented. In some cases, rules, policies, schedules, or procedures are out of date or have become barriers to student learning or staff effectiveness.	

Planning and Organization Standard 6 -Uses protocols to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a clean, and inviting learning environment		g a safe,
1. Exemplary	Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used extensively to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment. A proactive maintenance process is in place, and repairs are completed in a satisfactory and timely manner, when needed.	
2. Operational	Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment. The school and campus are clean, well-maintained, inviting, and safe.	√
3. Emerging	Protocols are sometimes used to maintain the school campus and equipment. The school and campus are partially clean, maintained, and inviting, but some safety issues exist.	
4. Not Evident	Protocols do not exist or are rarely, if ever, used to maintain the school campus and equipment. The school and campus are not clean, maintained, or inviting, and safety issues exist.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.3 Professional Capacity

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of professional capacity needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Professional Capacity webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Standard 5 -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and	✓
	problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or	
	problem-solving.	

Professional Learning Standard 1 -Aligns professional learning with needs identified through analysis of a variety of		ty of data
1. Exemplary	Professional learning needs are identified and differentiated through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families). Ongoing support is provided through differentiated professional learning.	
2. Operational	Professional learning needs are identified through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).	√
3. Emerging	Professional learning needs are identified using limited sources of data.	
4. Not Evident	Professional learning needs are identified using little or no data.	

Professional Learning Standard 2 -Establishes a culture of collaboration among administrators and staff to enhance individual and collective performance		ınce
1. Exemplary	Administrators and staff, as a foundational practice, consistently collaborate to support leadership and personal accountability and to enhance individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback). Teachers conduct action research and assume ownership of professional learning processes.	
2. Operational	Administrators and staff routinely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).	√
3. Emerging	Administrators and staff sometimes collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators and staff rarely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	

Professional Learning Standard 3 -Defines expectations for implementing professional learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both consistently define expectations for the implementation of professional learning, including details regarding the stages of implementation and how monitoring will occur as implementation progresses.	√
2. Operational	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both regularly define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	
3. Emerging	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both occasionally define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both rarely, if ever, define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	

Professional Learning Standard 4 -Uses multiple professional learning designs to support the various learning need staff		eeds of the
1. Exemplary	Staff members actively participate in job-embedded professional learning that engages collaborative teams in a variety of appropriate learning designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks). Professional learning includes extensive follow-up with descriptive feedback and coaching.	√
2. Operational	Staff members actively participate in professional learning, most of which is job-embedded, which includes multiple designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem-solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks) to support their various learning needs. Professional learning includes follow-up with feedback and coaching.	
3. Emerging	Some staff members are engaged in professional learning that makes use of more than one learning design to address their identified needs.	
4. Not Evident	Staff members receive single, stand-alone professional learning events that are informational and mostly large-group presentation designs.	

Professional Learning Standard 5 -Allocates resources and establishes systems to support and sustain effective pr learning		rofessional
1. Exemplary	Extensive resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are allocated to support and sustain effective professional learning. Opportunities to practice skills, receive follow-up, feedback, and coaching are provided to support the effectiveness of professional learning.	√
2. Operational	Adequate resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are in place to support and sustain professional learning.	
3. Emerging	Some resources and systems are allocated to support and sustain professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, resources and systems are provided to support and sustain professional learning.	

Professional Learning Standard 6 -Monitors and evaluates the impact of professional learning on staff practices and stud learning		and student
1. Exemplary	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and increases in student learning occurs extensively. Evaluation results are used to identify and implement processes to extend student learning.	√
2. Operational	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and student learning occurs routinely.	
3. Emerging	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs sporadically.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs rarely, if ever.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.4 Family and Community Engagement

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to family and community engagement. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Family Community Engagement webinar for additional information and guidance. Visit Georgia's Family Connection Partnership's KIDS COUNT for additional data.

Family and Community Engagement Data

Family and Community Engagement Standard 1 -Creates an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects and community members to the school		nects family
1. Exemplary	The school has a well-established, inviting learning environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school. Numerous opportunities are given to family members to become actively engaged in school-related events and improvement efforts as participants, event managers, and workers.	
2. Operational	The school has created an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	√
3. Emerging	The school has made some progress toward creating an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	
4. Not Evident	The school has not created an environment that welcomes, encourages, or connects family and community members to the school.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 2 -Establishes structures that promote clear and open communibetween the school and stakeholders		cation
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented. Structures are continuously monitored for reliable and interactive communication.	
2. Operational	Most structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Some structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	

Family and Community Engagement Data

Family and Community Engagement Standard 3 -Establishes relationships and decision-making processes that build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students		
1. Exemplary	A wide variety of relationships and collaborative decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services, post-secondary partnerships) are pervasive in promoting student success and well being. Expectations for family and community engagement are embedded in the culture and result in stakeholders being actively involved in decision-making.	
2. Operational	Numerous relationships and decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services) effectively build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students.	
3. Emerging	Limited relationships and decision-making processes have been initiated by the school to build capacity for family and community engagement.	
4. Not Evident	Relationships and decision-making processes for families and the community are non-existent, or those that do exist contribute minimally to student success.	

Family and Commun status to families	Family and Community Engagement Standard 4 - Communicates academic expectations and current student achievement status to families		
1. Exemplary	The school staff provides families with ongoing, detailed academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols).	√	
	Extensive communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, student-led parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).		
2. Operational	The school staff communicates academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols) throughout the year. Regular communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).		
3. Emerging	The school staff communicates some academic expectations at the start of the year. Some communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.		
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to inform families of academic expectations. Little, if any, communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.		

Family and Community Engagement Data

Family and Community Engagement Standard 5 -Develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at l will enhance academic achievement		nome that
1. Exemplary	The school continually develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
2. Operational	The school frequently develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	√
3. Emerging	The school occasionally develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
4. Not Evident	The school seldom, if ever, develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community the needs of students		nity to meet
1. Exemplary	The school has a systematic process in place to connect families with an array of agencies and resources (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	√
2. Operational	The school regularly connects families to agencies and resources in the community (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	
3. Emerging	The school sometimes connects families to agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school does little to connect families with agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.5 Supportive Learning Environment

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to a supportive learning environment. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students). See the Supportive Learning Environment webinar for additional information and guidance.

Instruction Standard 1 -Provides a supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	✓
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 8 -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progress		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor	
	their own progress.	
Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by		
	engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their	✓
	own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

School Culture Standard 1 -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, practices, and procedures to maintain a safe, orderly learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are proactively developed, communicated, and consistently implemented across the school. These rules, practices, and procedures are continually monitored and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are developed, communicated, and implemented.	
3. Emerging	Emerging Rules, practices, and procedures are developed and communicated but are ineffective or inconsistently implemented across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly, learning environment are not developed nor updated or are poorly communicated.	

School Culture Standard 2 -Establishes a culture of trust and respect that promotes positive interactions and a sense of community		ense of
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A pervasive commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A sustained commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	√
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A limited commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. Unresolved conflicts interfere with a sense of community.	

School Culture Standard 3 -Establishes a culture that supports the college and career readiness of students		
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students. The school culture supports addressing individual achievement needs and strengths to prepare students for success.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.	√
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	_

School Culture Standard 4 -Supports the personal growth and development of students		
1. Exemplary	The school staff consistently provides a comprehensive system of support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to maximize the personal growth and development of nearly all students.	
2. Operational	The school staff regularly provides support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to enhance the personal growth and development of students.	√
3. Emerging	The school staff sporadically supports the personal growth and development of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to support the personal growth and development of students.	

School Culture Standard 5 -Recognizes and celebrates achievements and accomplishments of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff. The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support	
	the culture of the school.	
2. Operational	The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	
3. Emerging	The school community periodically recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students and/or staff.	
4. Not Evident	The school community rarely, if ever, recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students or staff.	

Planning and Organization Standard 1 -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders.	
	The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.	
	The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained commitment to continuous improvement.	
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders. The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous	√
3. Emerging	improvement process. A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.	
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.6 Data Analysis Questions

Analyze the LEA's data and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of demographic and financial needs. Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students).

What perception data did you use?
[examples: student perceptions about school climate issues (health survey, violence, prejudice, bullying, etc.); student/parent perceptions about the effectiveness of programs or interventions; student understanding of relationship of school to career or has an academic plan]

SAI Data based on teacher perceptions

Due to COVID restrictions and changes, we were limited on receiving perception data from students and parents during the 21-22 school year.

What does the perception data tell you? (perception data can describe people's knowledge, attitudes, beliefs, perceptions, competencies; perception data can also answer the question "What do people think they know, believe, or can do?")

Our overall results show that teachers rated learning designs as our lowest area and leadership as our highest area. Although the area of learning designs is still our lowest for the second year in a row, the area received a score of 4.0 out of 5.0 which is still an acceptable area.

Teachers shared concern under Learning Design not having the opportunity "to observe each other as one type of job-embedded professional learning" and a concern with the "lack of teacher input on school wide professional learning". Teachers showed more positive attitudes toward leadership with the highest responses to "school's leaders provide teachers with equitable resources to support our individual and collaborative goals for professional learning" and their attitudes toward support with professional learning needs.

What process data did you use? (examples: student participation in school activities, sports, clubs, arts; student participation in special programs such as peer mediation, counseling, skills conferences; parent/student participation in events such as college information meetings and parent workshops)

Some of our normal participation data will be missing this year due to COVID restrictions and needs. Although, we increased the number of events and activities this school year, we did not have all of the school activities that we would normally have each year. We did, however, invite and serve students within our afterschool tutoring program called LEAP.

What does the process data tell you? (process data describes the way programs are conducted; provides evidence of participant involvement in programs; answers the question "What did you do for whom?")

Our parents appeared to be pleased with the events that were held and their opportunities to participate in the school. Parents were also happy with the after school program, LEAP, that was provided to students this year.

•	NWEA MAP results for grades K - 5 in Math, NWEA MAP results for grades
	K-5 in ELA, Grades 3-5 GMAS Results in Math, Grades 3-5 GMAS Results in
	RE

What does your achievement data tell you?

NWEA MAP tests are usually administered 3 times per year during the Fall, Winter and Spring to students in grades K-5th. The Spring Data shows the following in Math:

Kindergarten: Achievement Percentile - 53% in Fall to 59% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 64%

1st Grade: Achievement Percentile - 40% in Fall to 39% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 38%

2nd Grade: Achievement Percentile - 33% in Fall to 32% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 36%

3rd Grade: Achievement Percentile - 16% in Fall to 16% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 39%

4th Grade: Achievement Percentile - 8% in Fall to 9% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 60%

5th Grade: Achievement Percentile - 29% in Fall to 17% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 9%

The Georgia Milestone Assessment measures student knowledge and understanding of grade level standards and is administered once a year. The Spring GMAS Assessment Data shows the following in Math:

3rd Grade: Percent proficient or higher - 32% (20/21 was 11%)

4th Grade: Percent proficient or higher - 23% (20/21 was 35%)

5th Grade: Percent proficient or higher - 20% (20/21 was 25%)

Students of Harmony seem to show a relative strength in the area of Math. However, there is still a need for great improvement in this area. Students in Kindergarten showed great growth in their knowledge of math content from their original beginning knowledge of content in the fall according to the NWEA. However, all other grade levels struggled in the areas of achievement and overall Conditional Growth in math.

NWEA MAP tests are usually administered 3 times per year during the Fall, Winter and Spring to students in grades K-5th. The Spring Data shows the following in RE/ELA:

Kindergarten: Achievement Percentile - 60% in Fall to 53% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 37%

1st Grade: Achievement Percentile - 38% in Fall to 35% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 37%

2nd Grade: Achievement Percentile - 27% in Fall to 26% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 34%

3rd Grade: Achievement Percentile - 28% in Fall to 27% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 40%

4th Grade: Achievement Percentile - 21% in Fall to 26% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 71%

5th Grade: Achievement Percentile - 38% in Fall to 29% in Spring with Conditional Growth Percentile of 23%

The Georgia Milestone Assessment measures student knowledge and
understanding of grade level standards and is administered once a year. The
Spring GMAS Assessment Data shows the following in ELA:
3rd Grade: Percent proficient or higher - 24% (20/21 was 9%)
4th Grade: Percent proficient or higher - 22% (20/21 was 29%)
5th Grade: Percent proficient or higher - 23% (20/21 was 24%)
Students of Harmony struggle quite a bit more based upon the data. The 4th
grade students improved on their overall achievement from fall to spring.
However, the other grade levels did not experience that growth.

What demographic data did you use?	The Governor's Office of Student Achievement GA School Grades Report
	Card; Attendance Data

What does the demographic data tell you?	The 2019 (no updated data available) demographic data indicates that
,	Harmony Elementary School has an enrollment of 657 students (PK-5).
	46% of students were African-American
	• 41% of students were White
	6% of students were Hispanic
	6% of students were Multi-racial
	54 % of students were Economically Disadvantaged
	12% of students were Students with Disabilities
	3% of students were English Language Learners
	HES attendance rate in 21-22 was 91.40%

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.1 Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Read the trends and patterns summaries from each section of the data analysis process. Use the information in these summaries to complete 3.2 and 3.3. Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.2. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Coherent Instructional:Summarize the coherent instructional system trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths: HES uses systematic, collaborative processes so that teachers, staff and leaders share an understanding of standards, curriculum, assessment and instruction. Provides a supportive and well managed learning environment and use research based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.

Challenges: Staff members use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning however; students are not using the technology for collaboration, research, design, creativity, or problem solving. Some teachers use the language of the standards and provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance; however, students do not monitor their own progress and learning.

Effective Leadership:Summarize the effective leadership trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths: The administration at HES is focused on sustaining and fostering relationships with students and staff. Administrators provide ongoing support for teachers and staff by attending team meetings, professional learning, and data meetings. The principal builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem solving. The Leadership team meets monthly at the beginning of school (quarterly after the first nine weeks) to make decision that will impact and improve student achievement.

Administrators monitor and evaluate the performance of teachers and other staff using multiple data sources. Teachers and staff are given timely and descriptive feedback related to performance through face-to-face meetings as well as through walk-through and Formative Evaluations. The school shares a common vision and mission that defines and guides the continuous improvement process. Harmony Elementary School has high expectation of all stakeholders. The mission of the school is to provide a safe and challenging learning environment where respectful, independent students become lifelong learners.

Challenges: One area in need of improvement is regularly monitoring of the school improvement plan by not only leadership, but the school leadership team as well.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Professional Capacity:Summarize the professional capacity trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths: HES staff participates in shared decision-making and problem-solving by using collaborative teams. Teams meet every week to collaborate, plan and discuss curriculum/instruction, kid-talks, and other school business. Teachers are members of the Leadership Committee (the committee meets to discuss and gather information about school matters, school improvement, academic and social needs). HES uses a variety of data such as NWEA MAP, F&P Reading Assessments, and observations/feedback of teachers in order to identify professional learning needs. Ongoing support is provided through differentiated professional learning with Administration and the Instructional Coach. Some of the professional learning topics were Guided Reading, Guided Math, reading strategies, integration of content areas, and writing across the curriculum.

Challenges: HES staff members participate in professional learning; however, there is some work that needs to be done in the area of action research, analysis of student work and online networks.

Family and Community

Engagement:Summarize the family and community engagement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

HES is fully-committed to Family and Community Engagement . HES welcomes, invites and encourages families to connect with the school. HES uses the school web page, marquee, newsletters, and phone calls in an effort to provide numerous opportunities for family members to become actively engaged in school- related events. HES provides opportunities for the community and families to participate in Curriculum Night, Title I Meetings, Fall Festival, Grandparents Day, Awards Programs, Literacy and Math Nights (take and make events for the entire family). HES has a contracted support person working part time to support the connection between home and school and to facilitate improvement in the lives of parents as they work to support students.

Supportive Learning

Environment:Summarize the supportive learning environment trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths- HES provides a supportive and well-managed learning environments that is conducive to teaching and learning. The school promotes consistent student engagement.

Challenge- HES needs to establish a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progress by engaging students in self-reflection and self monitoring.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Demographic and Financial:Summarize the demographic and financial trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

As of May 2022, Harmony Elementary School had an enrollment of 657 Pre-Kindergarten through fifth grades students. Student demographics were as follows: 46% of the students are African American/Black, 41% White, 6% Hispanic and 6% Multi- racial. According to Free and Reduced Lunch Data Report, 54% of the school's Kindergarten through fifth grade students were eligible for free or reduced lunch benefits. HES has had the highest number of students receiving free or reduced lunch in Walton County. All students received free lunch so all parents may not have applied for the designation.

Student Achievement:Summarize the student achievement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Harmony Elementary School 's results from the 2022 Georgia Milestones EOG were as follows: 25% of students scored in the proficient range in ELA and 25% of students scored in the proficient range in math. Both percentages were higher than last year.

Areas in Need of Improvement

Harmony Elementary School needs improvement in the area of English Language Arts and Math at all grade levels with a focus on the foundational skills needed to eliminate gaps in learning.

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths	Special Education students are served in resource setting using Wilson
	Reading daily as well as receive support from para-professionals in general
	education settings. Additionally, some sped students receive support in the
	gen ed setting with a sped and gen ed teacher collaboratively teaching. English
	Language Learners were served at Harmony Elementary School during the
	2021-2021 School Year as well. Students from multiple demographics
	including economically disadvantage received 90 minutes of ELA/Reading and
	Math Instruction (Guided Reading/Guided Math and Whole Group
	Instruction as well as Early Intervention Program for students who qualified).
	Additional staffing is supplemented by Title I funds to support economically
	disadvantaged children.
	All students with needs in different subgroups continue to receive additional
	support as needed or required to support growth.

NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Challenges	The biggest challenge that we face at this point is the lack of a solid foundation
	to support sufficient academic growth at each grade level. Students are
	entering each grade level at a lower achievement level making it more difficult
	to catch up even for grade levels with great growth.

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.2 Identification and Prioritization of Overarching Needs

Use the results of 3.1 to identify the overarching needs of the LEA. Determine the priority order of the identified needs based on data, team member and stakeholder knowledge, and answers to questions in the table below. Be sure to address the major program challenges identified in 3.1. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need	To increase and improve the literacy rate of Black Students, Economically Disadvantaged
	Students, and Students with Disabilities in the area of reading comprehension.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Better
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	1

Additional Considerations	There is a need to support student ability to read text using phonics and whole language to
	support reading comprehension.

Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need	To improve mathematical reasoning and problem solving skills of Black Students,
	Economically Disadvantaged Students, and Students with Disabilities.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Better
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	2

Additional Considerations	There is a need to support overall fluency in math and the ability to manipulate numbers
	through the use of number sense to support improving mathematical reasoning and
	problem solving skills

Overarching Need # 3

Overarching Need	To increase the attendance rate of the school
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Worse
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	3

Additional Considerations	Many students who missed over 10% of the school year also did not score at the level of
	proficiency on assessments

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.3 Root Cause Analysis

Select the top 2-4 overarching needs from 3.2. Conduct a separate root cause analysis (RCA) for each need. Any RCA tools and resources can be used, but suggestions are available as part of the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u>. After describing the RCA process, complete a table for each selected overarching need.

Overarching Need - To increase and improve the literacy rate of Black Students, Economically Disadvantaged Students, and Students with Disabilities in the area of reading comprehension.

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Deficit in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary development and
	comprehension
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	Based on the results of the Fall NWEA MAP ELA assessment, all Harmony students will increase their Fall RIT score to indicate at least a year of growth in ELA by the Spring MAP Assessment with the exception of students who score at least half of a year below. Those students will increase their Fall MAP ELA Assessment score to show growth of 1.25
	years growth by the Spring MAP Assessment. Additionally, the percent of students scoring at the level of proficiency on GMAS RE/ELA will increase.

Overarching Need - To improve mathematical reasoning and problem solving skills of Black Students, Economically Disadvantaged Students, and Students with Disabilities.

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Lack of conceptual math skills and a deficit in mathematical reasoning and problem solving.
This is a root cause and not a contributing cause or symptom	Yes
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education School and District Effectiveness Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and other School Leaders Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	Based on the results of the Fall NWEA MAP Math assessment, all Harmony students will
	increase their Fall RIT score to indicate at least a year of growth in Math by the Spring
	MAP Assessment with the exception of students who score at least half of a year below.
	Those students will increase their Fall MAP Math Assessment score to show growth of
	1.25 years growth by the Spring MAP Assessment. Additionally, the percent of students
	scoring at the level of proficiency in the area of math will increase.

Overarching Need - To increase the attendance rate of the school

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Reducing the number of days each student is absent
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders

NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

Root Cause # 1

Impacted Programs	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment
Additional Responses	Students who missed 10% of the school year are most likely to not meet the level for
	proficiency in content areas.



School Improvement Plan 2022 - 2023



Walton County
Harmony Elementary School

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

1 General Improvement Plan Information

General Improvement Plan Information

District	Walton County
School Name	Harmony Elementary School
Team Lead	Kimberly Lester
Federal Funding Options to Be	Traditional funding (all Federal funds budgeted separately)
Employed (SWP Schools) in this	
Plan (Select all that apply)	

Factors(s) Used by District to Identify Students in Poverty (Select all that apply)	
√	Free/Reduced meal application
√	Community Eligibility Program (CEP) - Direct Certification ONLY
	Other (if selected, please describe below)

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.1 Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	To increase and improve the literacy rate of Black Students, Economically Disadvantaged
CNA Section 3.2	Students, and Students with Disabilities in the area of reading comprehension.
Root Cause # 1	Deficit in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary development and
	comprehension
Goal	Based on the results of the Fall NWEA MAP ELA assessment, all Harmony students will
	increase their Fall RIT score to indicate at least a year of growth in ELA by the Spring
	MAP Assessment with the exception of students who score at least half of a year below.
	Those students will increase their Fall MAP ELA Assessment score to show growth of 1.25
	years growth by the Spring MAP Assessment. Additionally, students in grade 3-5 will
	improve on the grade level's 22-23 GMAS score to a performance level of 3 or better.

Action Step	Create a Balance Literacy Program (90 minutes of Instruction). Place a greater emphasis on phonics, phonemic awareness, fluency, vocabulary, synthesizing information across texts, Speaking and Writing.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Success Criteria for	Throughout the school year
Implementation	Fall/Winter/Spring MAP Assessments; Assessment Worksheet Data; Informal
	Assessments; Sight Word Assessment; Progress on F&P Phonics Assessments
Success Criteria for Impact on	Increase in student achievement as evidenced by data
Student Achievement	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers/Instructional Coach
	Administration
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Explicit teaching of reading strategies[through the use of Jennifer Seravallo's Reading Strategies, mini lessons, small flexible and fluid groups(that are based on the instructional reading levels of students) Cooperative Learning groups (Speaking and Writing] High-impact Literacy Approaches: reciprocal teaching, peer tutoring, questioning, Close reading, self questioning and Metacognitive strategies.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	English Learners
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Success Criteria for	Throughout the school year
Implementation	Review of MAP Data, F&P Benchmark Assessment Data
Success Criteria for Impact on	Increase in student achievement as evidenced by data
Student Achievement	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers (EIP & Classroom Teachers) Administration
	Instructional Coach
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	K-5 teachers will participate in Professional Learning in the areas of teaching using
	effective reading strategies and effective phonics instruction
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Success Criteria for	Throughout the school year
Implementation	Review of MAP Data, F&P Benchmark Assessment Data, Informal classroom observations
Success Criteria for Impact on	Increase in student achievement as evidenced by data
Student Achievement	
Position/Role Responsible	Instructional Coach/Administration
	Hired Consultants will support as well
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	HES will provide opportunities for parents to learn how to support students in improving
	their basic reading and reading comprehension abilities through grade level sponsored
	Reading Universities.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless

Subgroups	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Success Criteria for	Parent survey results
Implementation	Throughout the school year
	Review of MAP Data, F&P Benchmark Assessment Data, Informal classroom observations
Success Criteria for Impact on	Increase in student achievement as evidenced by data
Student Achievement	·
Position/Role Responsible	Parent Support Person
	Administration
	Classroom Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.2 Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	To improve mathematical reasoning and problem solving skills of Black Students,
CNA Section 3.2	Economically Disadvantaged Students, and Students with Disabilities.
Root Cause # 1	Lack of conceptual math skills and a deficit in mathematical reasoning and problem
	solving.
Goal	Based on the results of the Fall NWEA MAP Math assessment, all Harmony students will
	increase their Fall RIT score to indicate at least a year of growth in Math by the Spring
	MAP Assessment with the exception of students who score at least half of a year below.
	Those students will increase their Fall MAP Math Assessment score to show growth of
	1.25 years growth by the Spring MAP Assessment. Additionally, students in grade 3-5
	will improve on the grade level's 22-23 GMAS score to a performance level of 3 or better.

Action Step	Increase student fact fluency based upon grade level expectations
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Success Criteria for	Data based upon Fall, Winter, and Spring MAP Administrations and improvements
Implementation	shown in areas of need on the learning continuum
Success Criteria for Impact on	Student improvement as indicated by school data
Student Achievement	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers and Instructional Coach
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Increase student ability to problem-solve based on grade level standards
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Success Criteria for	Data based upon Fall, Winter, and Spring MAP Administrations and improvements
Implementation	shown in areas of need on the learning continuum
Success Criteria for Impact on	Student improvement as indicated by school data
Student Achievement	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers
	Instructional coach
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Teachers will provide support in student understanding of all standards through the use of
	CRA (Concrete, Representative, Abstract) instructional opportunities.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Success Criteria for	Data based upon Fall, Winter, and Spring MAP Administrations and improvements
Implementation	shown in areas of need on the learning continuum
Success Criteria for Impact on	Student improvement as indicated by school data
Student Achievement	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers/Instructional Coach
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	HES will provide opportunities for parents to learn how to support students in improving
	their math fluency and problem solving abilities through grade level sponsored Math
	Universities.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless

Subgroups	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Success Criteria for	Parent Surveys
Implementation	Data based upon Fall, Winter, and Spring MAP Administrations and improvements
	shown in areas of need on the learning continuum
Success Criteria for Impact on	Student improvement as indicated by school data
Student Achievement	,
Position/Role Responsible	Family Center Support Person
	Administration
	Classroom Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.3 Overarching Need # 3

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	To increase the attendance rate of the school
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Reducing the number of days each student is absent
Goal	Our school will increase the attendance percentage from 21-22 from 91.4% to a minimum
	of 95%.

Action Step	The attendance leadership group will meet weekly to discuss specific issues with
	attendance and plan for additional support
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
	Immigrant
Systems	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Success Criteria for	Weekly data reports on student attendance
Implementation	
Success Criteria for Impact on	A reduction in the overall number of missed days by individual students and the school as
Student Achievement	a whole
Position/Role Responsible	Admin
	Counselor
	Teachers
	District support
	SSA
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	HES will identify students with 20% or more missed days from the last school year and
•	extend additional support and monitoring to those students
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
	Immigrant
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Success Criteria for	Students will excessive absences will have a reduction of at least 20% in the number of days
Implementation	they are absent over the 22-23 SY as compared to the 21-22 SY.
Success Criteria for Impact on	Reduction in days absent from school
Student Achievement	
Position/Role Responsible	Admin
	Counselor
	Teachers
	SSA
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

Action	Step	#	2
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What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

3.1 Stakeholders, Coordination of Activities, Serving Children, and PQ

Required Questions

1. In developing this plan, briefly describe how the school sought advice from individuals (teachers, staff, other school leaders, paraprofessionals, specialized instructional support personnel, parents, community partners, and other stakeholders).

The Title I plan was developed with the involvement of members from all stakeholder groups at meetings, by email, and through sharing of documents through Google.

2. Describe how the school will ensure that low-income and minority children enrolled in the Title I school are not served at disproportionate rates by ineffective, out-of-field, or inexperienced teachers.

One-hundred percent of our content area teachers at the school meet Professional Qualifications requirements established by the Walton County School District. Administration will closely monitor teaching assignments to ensure that teachers are only teaching subjects in their field. Each school year (or semester), schedules of at-risk students, particularly low-income (ED) and minority (Black, Hispanic, Asian) will be reviewed to ensure that these students are not repeatedly scheduled into classes taught by the least effective or least experienced teachers in the school

3. Provide a general description of the Title I instructional program being implemented at this Title I school. Specifically define the subject areas to be addressed and the instructional strategies/methodologies to be employed to address the identified needs of the most academically at-risk students in the school. Please include services to be provided for students living in local institutions for neglected or delinquent children (if applicable).

Title I funds are used to employ additional staff (teachers and/or paraprofessionals) who support struggling learners in the areas of Reading and/or Mathematics. These additional staff may pull students for small group or one-on-one tutoring or may push into classrooms to provide support. Other support persons will support in ensuring that the needs of all at-risk students are addressed. At present, the school has no students living in institutions for neglected or delinquent children.

4. If applicable, provide a description of how teachers, in consultation with parents, administrators, and pupil services personnel, will identify eligible children most in need of services in Title I targeted assistance schools/programs. Please include a description of how the school will develop and implement multiple (a minimum of 2) objective, academic-based performance criteria to rank students for service. Also

N/A- The district does not have any Targeted Assistance Programs.

include a description of the measurable scale	
(point system) that uses the objective criteria	
to rank all students.	

3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

3.2 PQ, Federally Identified Schools, CTAE, Discipline

Required Questions

5. If applicable, describe how the school will support, coordinate, and integrate services with early childhood programs at the school level, including strategies for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood education programs to local elementary school programs.

Harmony Elementary School uses the Georgia Bright from the Start GELDS Standards to teach 44 (4 year old) Pre-kindergarten students. These students receive instructions that is appropriate for their developmental levels. The children are able to transition into kindergarten without many difficulties and perform higher than other kindergarten students who have not received support from birth to five years old.

Local Head-start programs bring their children over to Harmony to visit the facility so that the upcoming kindergarten students will be familiar with the campus.

6. If applicable, describe how the school will implement strategies to facilitate effective transitions for students from middle grades to high school and from high school to postsecondary education including:Coordination with institutions of higher education, employers, and local partners; andIncreased student access to early college, high school, or dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities or career counseling to identify student interest and skills.

NA

7. Describe how the school will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, specifically addressing the effects on all subgroups of students.

HES will continue to implement Positive Behavior Interventions and Support (PBIS) school wide. The focus for 2022-2023 school year will be on classroom management. Moving from a focus on negative behavior to promoting positive interaction with students. The goal is to reduce the loss of classroom instruction by reducing the number of students who are removed from the classroom due to negative discipline. Administrators will use the PBIS model when deciding appropriate discipline measures for all students. HES will continue to incorporate school level counseling services as a means of allowing students another avenue of support in contrast to removal from the classroom. Grade level teams will continue to collaborate within the teams as well as with administration to reduce Office Discipline Referrals (ODR). Preventing the overuse of discipline that removes students from classroom instruction.

ADDITIONAL RESPONSES

8. Use the space below to provide additional	
narrative regarding the school's	
improvement plan.	