

# Comprehensive Needs Assessment 2019 - 2020 School Report



Walton County
Sharon Elementary School

#### 1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

#### 1.1 Identification of Team

The comprehensive needs assessment team consists of people who are responsible for working collaboratively throughout the needs assessment process. Ideal team members possess knowledge of programs, the capacity to plan and implement the needs assessment, and the ability to ensure stakeholder involvement. A required team member's name may be duplicated when multiple roles are performed by the same person. Documentation of team member involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

#### Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Principal	Freda Doster
Team Member # 2	Assistant Principal	Michael Greaves
Team Member # 3	Counselor	Lora Liddell
Team Member # 4	PreK Teacher	Megan Foster
Team Member # 5	Kindergarten Teacher	Sletta Peters
Team Member # 6	1st Grade Teacher	Kim Corey
Team Member # 7	2nd Grade Teacher	Teresa Gray

#### Additional Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	3rd Grade Teacher	Celane Tillery
Team Member # 2	4th Grade TEacher	Jenni Teck
Team Member # 3	5th Grade Teacher	Audra Warhol
Team Member # 4	Extensions Teacher	Greg Yarman
Team Member # 5	Special Ed Teacher	Aruna Kolli
Team Member # 6	Gifted Teacher	Melissa Bowen
Team Member # 7	Para Professional	Lisa Fogie
Team Member # 8		
Team Member # 9		
Team Member # 10		

#### 1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

#### 1.2 Identification of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are those individuals with valuable experiences and perspective who will provide the team with important input, feedback, and guidance. Required stakeholders must be engaged in the process to meet the requirements of participating federal programs. Documentation of stakeholder involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation</u> webinar for additional information and guidance.

#### Stakeholders

	Position/Role	Name
Stakeholder # 1	Parent	Kris Grant
Stakeholder # 2	Parent	Emily Culbertson
Stakeholder # 3	Parent	Jessica Helms
Stakeholder # 4	Parent	Stacey Towler
Stakeholder # 5	Parent	Joyce Xiong
Stakeholder # 6	SRO	Deputy Tony Lowe
Stakeholder # 7	SRO Captain	Captain Darren Vinson
Stakeholder # 8	SRO Sergeant	Sergeant Sam Duff

How will the team ensure that stakeholders	We will solicit feedback at school council meetings, PTO meetings and any
are able to provide meaningful feedback	other parent/school activities.
throughout the needs assessment process?	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

# 2.1 Coherent Instructional System

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of instructional needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Coherent Instructional System webinar for additional information and guidance.

	Curriculum Standard 1 - Uses systematic, collaborative planning processes so that teachers share an understanding of	
expectations for standar	ds, curriculum, assessment, and instruction	
1. Exemplary	A systematic, collaborative process is used proactively for curriculum planning.	
	Nearly all teachers or groups of teachers, support staff, and leaders within the school	
	have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
2. Operational	A systematic, collaborative process is used regularly for curriculum planning.	
	Most teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for	
	standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
3. Emerging	A collaborative process is used occasionally for curriculum planning.	✓
	Some teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for	
	standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process is rarely, if ever, used for curriculum planning.	
	Few, if any, teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common	
	expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	

<b>Curriculum Standard 2</b> - Designs curriculum documents and aligns resources with the intended rigor of the requistandards		uired
1. Exemplary	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope, and sequence documents, guides) that are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards are the products of a systematic, collaborative process.  These curriculum documents and resources are used and continuously revised by teachers and support staff to ensure an alignment with the intended, taught, and tested standards.	
2. Operational	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope and sequence documents, guides) have been designed, and resources are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards.  These curriculum documents and resources guide the work of teachers and instructional support staff.	
3. Emerging	Curriculum documents and resources exist, but they are not complete in all content areas or grade levels or lack the intended rigor of the required standards	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, curriculum documents and resources exist to support the implementation of the intended rigor of the required standards.	

<b>Instruction Standard 1</b> - Provides a supportive and well - /bmanaged environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	✓
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).  Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

<b>Instruction Standard 3</b> - Establishes and communicates clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to current standards		riculum
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	
	Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work.  Articulation of the learning targets is consistent and pervasive among like content areas and grade levels	
2. Operational	Most teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	
	Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work.	
3. Emerging	Some teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any teachers establish clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	

Instruction Standard 4	- Uses research based instructional practices that positively impact student learning	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers pervasively demonstrate a repertoire of highly effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	
2. Operational	Most teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	✓
3. Emerging	Some teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 5	- Differentiates instruction to meet specific learning needs of students	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students.  Nearly all teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).  Remediation, enrichment, and acceleration are pervasive practices.	
2. Operational	Most teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students.  Most teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).	
3. Emerging	Some teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.	

Instruction Standard 6 - Uses appropriate, current technology to enhance learning		
1. Exemplary	The use by staff members and students of appropriate, current technology to enhance learning is an institutional practice (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	
2. Operational	Most staff members and students use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	
3. Emerging	Some staff members, students, or both use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

<b>Instruction Standard 7</b> - Provides feedback to students on their performance on the standards or learning targets		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
	Nearly all teachers systematically elicit diagnostic information from individual students regarding their understanding of the standards or learning targets.	
2. Operational	Most teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
3. Emerging	Some teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, descriptive feedback on their performance.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with feedback on their performance, or the feedback that is provided is not specific, timely, or understandable.	_

Instruction Standard 8 - Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progr		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.  Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	<b>√</b>

<b>Instruction Standard 9</b> - Provides timely, systematic, data - /bdriven interventions		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.  Interventions are designed to meet the needs of each student.  The effectiveness of those interventions is consistently monitored and adjustments are made.	
2. Operational	Most students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.	✓
3. Emerging	Some students are provided extra assistance or needed support in a timely manner.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students are provided extra assistance or effective support in a timely manner.	

Assessment Standard 1 - Aligns assessments with the required curriculum standards		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
	Assessments are reviewed during the school year to ensure alignment.	
2. Operational	Most assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	✓
3. Emerging	Some assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	

<b>Assessment Standard 3</b> - Uses common assessments aligned with the required standards to monitor student programform instruction, and improve teacher practices		
1. Exemplary	Teachers consistently use common assessments aligned with the required standards in nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both for diagnostic, summative, and formative purposes.  The data from the common assessments are analyzed down to the item level, and the results are used to inform instruction and improve teacher practices.	
2. Operational	Teachers use common assessments aligned with the required standards in most content areas to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Teachers use some common assessments aligned with the required standards in a few content areas with a limited amount of data analysis to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	
4. Not Evident	Teachers use few, if any, common assessments to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	

Assessment Standard 4 - Implements a process to collaboratively analyze assessment results to adjust instruction		
1. Exemplary	Teachers extensively use a systematic, collaborative process to analyze assessment	
	results.  Instruction is consistently adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results across all content areas, grade levels, or both.	
2. Operational	Teachers regularly use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results.  Instruction is routinely adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	
3. Emerging	Teachers occasionally use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results.  Instruction is sometimes adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	✓
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process to analyze assessment results does not exist.  Instruction is rarely, if ever, adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	

<b>Assessment Standard 5</b> - Implements grading practices that provide an accurate indication of student progress or required standards		
1. Exemplary	The grading practices used by teachers across nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both, consistently provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
2. Operational	The grading practices used by teachers in most content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
3. Emerging	The grading practices used by teachers in some content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	The grading practices used by teachers rarely, if ever, provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	_

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

# 2.2 Effective Leadership

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of leadership needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Effective Leadership webinar for additional information and guidance.

<b>Leadership Standard 1</b> - Builds and sustains relationships to foster the success of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	Administrators consistently build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.  The school staff is fully engaged in relationship building through collaboration, internal and external communication, and building trust with staff, students, families,	
	and community stakeholders.	
2. Operational	Administrators regularly build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	
3. Emerging	Administrators sometimes build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Administrators seldom, if ever, build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	

<b>Leadership Standard 2</b> - Initiates and manages change to improve staff performance and student learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning.  Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders create a sense of	
2. Operational	urgency for change and effectively communicate a common vision.  Administrators and the school leadership team initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning.	
	The principal provides an appropriate balance of pressure and support to manage the change process for desired results.	
3. Emerging	Administrators initiate change to improve staff performance and student learning but do not sustain the change, remove barriers, or both.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Administrators initiate few, if any, changes that impact staff performance and student learning.	

<b>Leadership Standard 3</b> - Uses systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, an professional learning practices		
1. Exemplary	The principal and other school leaders continually use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.  The principal and other school leaders have a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the best practices for curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning.	
2. Operational	The principal and other school leaders often use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The principal and other school leaders occasionally use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	
4. Not Evident	The principal and other school leaders rarely, if ever, use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	

<b>Leadership Standard 4</b> - Uses processes to systematically analyze data to improve student achievement		
1. Exemplary	Extensive, comprehensive processes, including root cause analysis, are used consistently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
2. Operational	Numerous processes are used frequently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some processes are in place and used occasionally to analyze data to improve student achievement.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, processes are in place to analyze data to improve student achievement.	

<b>Leadership Standard 5</b> - Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	✓
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Leadership Standard 6 -	· Establishes and supports a data-driven school leadership team that is focused on studen	nt learning
1. Exemplary	A highly effective, proactive, and data-driven school leadership team is focused on student learning.  The leadership team addresses nearly all areas of student and staff learning and school leadership, including the development, implementation, and regular monitoring of the	
	school improvement plan.	
2. Operational	A data-driven school leadership team is established with stakeholder representation (e.g., core and non-core teachers, certified support staff) and is focused on student learning.  The school leadership team meets regularly and uses norms and protocols to work	<b>√</b>
	effectively and efficiently.	
3. Emerging	The school leadership team is established and has some stakeholder representation but is focused chiefly on school operations rather than student learning.	
4. Not Evident	A school leadership team does not exist or does not have adequate stakeholder representation.	

Leadership Standard 7	· Monitors and evaluates the performance of teachers and other staff using multiple data	sources
1. Exemplary	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff through observations, surveys, data, and documentation is consistent and comprehensive, resulting in highly accurate performance evaluations.  A comprehensive system is in place to provide teachers and staff with ongoing, accurate, timely, detailed, descriptive feedback related to their performance.  Administrators use the evaluation process to identify role models, teacher leaders, or	
	both.	
2. Operational	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff regularly occurs using data or documentation, generally resulting in accurate performance evaluations.  Teachers and staff receive accurate, timely, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff is inconsistent, incomplete, or lacks data or documentation, sometimes resulting in inaccurate performance evaluations.  Teachers and staff receive some descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff rarely occurs or often results in inaccurate performance evaluations.  Teachers and staff receive little or no descriptive feedback related to their performance.	

Leadership Standard 8 - Provides ongoing support to teachers and other staff		
1. Exemplary	A comprehensive support system that is timely and targeted to individual needs is	
	provided to teachers and other staff.	
2. Operational	Most support provided to teachers and other staff is targeted to individual needs.	
3. Emerging	Some support provided to teachers and staff is targeted to individual needs.	✓
4. Not Evident	Support to teachers and staff does not exist or is not targeted to individual needs.	

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 1</b> - Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders.  The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.  The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained	<b>√</b>
2. Operational	commitment to continuous improvement.  A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders.  The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.	
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.	

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 2</b> - Uses a data-driven and consensus-oriented process to develop and implement a school improvement plan that is focused on student performance		
1. Exemplary	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from nearly all stakeholders.  The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a strong focus on increasing student performance.  This process and plan consistently guide the work of the school staff.	✓
2. Operational	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from most plan stakeholders.  The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a focus on increasing student performance.	
3. Emerging	A school improvement plan has been developed with input from some stakeholders.  The school improvement plan is based on incomplete data analysis with limited focus on student performance.	
4. Not Evident	An up-to-date, data-driven school improvement plan focused on student performance is not in place.	

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 3</b> - Monitors implementation of the school improvement plan and makes ad as needed		adjustments
1. Exemplary	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are continually monitored by administrators, the school leadership team, and teacher leaders to evaluate the impact on student performance.  Ongoing adjustments are made based on various performance, process, and perception data.	
2. Operational	he goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are regularly monitored by administrators and the school leadership team to evaluate the impact on student performance.  Adjustments are made to the plan, as needed, based on the analysis of data.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are occasionally monitored by administrators.	
4. Not Evident	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 4 - Monitors the use of available resources to support continuous improvement		
1. Exemplary	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is consistently monitored.	
	School schedules and processes are designed to make effective use of personnel, time, materials, and equipment.	
2. Operational	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is frequently monitored.	✓
3. Emerging	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is inconsistently monitored.	
4. Not Evident	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is rarely, if ever, monitored.	

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 5</b> - Develops, communicates, and implements rules, policies, schedules, and procedures to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness		nd
1. Exemplary	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed with stakeholder input, effectively communicated, and consistently implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness.  These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are consistently reviewed and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed, communicated, and implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness.  These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are periodically reviewed and systematically revised as needed.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed but are not effectively communicated or are implemented inconsistently across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, policies, or procedures are not developed, are poorly communicated, or are ineffectively implemented.  In some cases, rules, policies, schedules, or procedures are out of date or have become barriers to student learning or staff effectiveness.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

# 2.3 Professional Capacity

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of professional capacity needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Professional Capacity webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

#### **Professional Capacity Data**

<b>Leadership Standard 5</b> - Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	✓
	<u> </u>	
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Professional Learning S	Professional Learning Standard 1 - Aligns professional learning with needs identified through analysis of a variety of dat	
1. Exemplary	Professional learning needs are identified and differentiated through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).  Ongoing support is provided through differentiated professional learning.	
2. Operational	Professional learning needs are identified through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Professional learning needs are identified using limited sources of data.	
4. Not Evident	Professional learning needs are identified using little or no data.	

# **Professional Capacity Data**

<b>Professional Learning Standard 2</b> - Establishes a culture of collaboration among administrators and staff to enhance individual and collective performance		iance
1. Exemplary	Administrators and staff, as a foundational practice, consistently collaborate to support leadership and personal accountability and to enhance individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).  Teachers conduct action research and assume ownership of professional learning processes.	
2. Operational	Administrators and staff routinely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).	
3. Emerging	Administrators and staff sometimes collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Administrators and staff rarely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 3</b> - Defines expectations for implementing professional learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both consistently define expectations for the	
	implementation of professional learning, including details regarding the stages of	
	implementation and how monitoring will occur as implementation progresses.	
2. Operational	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both regularly define expectations for the	✓
	implementation of professional learning.	
3. Emerging	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both occasionally define expectations for the	
	implementation of professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both rarely, if ever, define expectations for the	
	implementation of professional learning.	

# **Professional Capacity Data**

<b>Professional Learning Standard 4</b> - Uses multiple professional learning designs to support the various learning nestaff		needs of the
1. Exemplary	Staff members actively participate in job-embedded professional learning that engages collaborative teams in a variety of appropriate learning designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks).  Professional learning includes extensive follow-up with descriptive feedback and coaching.	
2. Operational	Staff members actively participate in professional learning, most of which is job-embedded, which includes multiple designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem-solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks) to support their various learning needs.  Professional learning includes follow-up with feedback and coaching.	
3. Emerging	Some staff members are engaged in professional learning that makes use of more than one learning design to address their identified needs.	✓
4. Not Evident	Staff members receive single, stand-alone professional learning events that are informational and mostly large-group presentation designs.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 5</b> - Allocates resources and establishes systems to support and sustain effective p learning		professional
1. Exemplary	Extensive resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are allocated to support and sustain effective professional learning.  Opportunities to practice skills, receive follow-up, feedback, and coaching are provided to support the effectiveness of professional learning.	
2. Operational	Adequate resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are in place to support and sustain professional learning.	
3. Emerging	Some resources and systems are allocated to support and sustain professional learning.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, resources and systems are provided to support and sustain professional learning.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

# 2.4 Family and Community Engagement

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to family and community engagement. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <a href="Family and Community Engagement webinar">Family Community Engagement webinar</a> for additional information and guidance. Visit Georgia's Family Connection Partnership's <a href="KIDS COUNT">KIDS COUNT</a> for additional data.

Family and Community Engagement Data

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 1</b> - Creates an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects and community members to the school		
1. Exemplary	The school has a well-established, inviting learning environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.  Numerous opportunities are given to family members to become actively engaged in school-related events and improvement efforts as participants, event managers, and	
2. Operational	workers.  The school has created an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The school has made some progress toward creating an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	
4. Not Evident	The school has not created an environment that welcomes, encourages, or connects family and community members to the school.	

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 2</b> - Establishes structures that promote clear and open communibetween the school and stakeholders		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.  Structures are continuously monitored for reliable and interactive communication.	
2. Operational	Most structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Some structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	

# Family and Community Engagement Data

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 3</b> - Establishes relationships and decision-making processes that build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students		
1. Exemplary	A wide variety of relationships and collaborative decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services, post-secondary partnerships) are pervasive in promoting student success and well being.  Expectations for family and community engagement are embedded in the culture and result in stakeholders being actively involved in decision-making.	
2. Operational	Numerous relationships and decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services) effectively build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students.	
3. Emerging	Limited relationships and decision-making processes have been initiated by the school to build capacity for family and community engagement.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Relationships and decision-making processes for families and the community are non-existent, or those that do exist contribute minimally to student success.	

Family and Commun status to families	Family and Community Engagement Standard 4 - Communicates academic expectations and current student achievement status to families	
1. Exemplary	The school staff provides families with ongoing, detailed academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols).	
	Extensive communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, student-led parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
2. Operational	The school staff communicates academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols) throughout the year.  Regular communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	✓
3. Emerging	The school staff communicates some academic expectations at the start of the year.  Some communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to inform families of academic expectations.  Little, if any, communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	

# Family and Community Engagement Data

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 5</b> - Develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at will enhance academic achievement		home that
1. Exemplary	The school continually develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
2. Operational	The school frequently develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
3. Emerging	The school occasionally develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	The school seldom, if ever, develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 6</b> - Connects families with agencies and resources in the community to the needs of students		unity to meet
1. Exemplary	The school has a systematic process in place to connect families with an array of agencies and resources (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	
2. Operational	The school regularly connects families to agencies and resources in the community (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The school sometimes connects families to agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school does little to connect families with agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

# 2.5 Supportive Learning Environment

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to a supportive learning environment. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students). See the <u>Supportive Learning Environment webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

<b>Instruction Standard 1</b> - Provides a supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident	
	throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most	✓
	classrooms.	
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some	
	classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few,	
	if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).  Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

<b>Instruction Standard 8</b> - Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own prog		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor	
	their own progress.	
	Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by	
	engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their	
	own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	✓

<b>School Culture Standard 1</b> - Develops, communicates, and implements rules, practices, and procedures to maintain a safe orderly learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are proactively developed, communicated, and consistently implemented across the school.  These rules, practices, and procedures are continually monitored and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are developed, communicated, and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Rules, practices, and procedures are developed and communicated but are ineffective or inconsistently implemented across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly, learning environment are not developed nor updated or are poorly communicated.	

<b>School Culture Standard 2</b> - Establishes a culture of trust and respect that promotes positive interactions and a sense of community		sense of
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  A pervasive commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  A sustained commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  A limited commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  Unresolved conflicts interfere with a sense of community.	

School Culture Standard 3 - Establishes a culture that supports the college and career readiness of students		
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.  The school culture supports addressing individual achievement needs and strengths to	
2. Operational	prepare students for success.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.	•
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of	
	students.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	

ard 4 - Supports the personal growth and development of students	
problem solving) to maximize the personal growth and development of nearly all	
students.	
The school staff regularly provides support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement,	✓
coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to enhance the personal	
growth and development of students.	
The school staff sporadically supports the personal growth and development of	
students.	
The school staff does little to support the personal growth and development of	
students.	
	c
ard 5 - Recognizes and celebrates achievements and accomplishments of students and staff	f
<ul> <li>ard 5 - Recognizes and celebrates achievements and accomplishments of students and staff</li> <li>The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and</li> </ul>	f
	f
The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and	f
The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and	f
The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	f
The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.  The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support	f
The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.  The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support the culture of the school.	f
The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.  The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support the culture of the school.  The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and	f
The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.  The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support the culture of the school.  The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	
The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.  The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support the culture of the school.  The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.  The school community periodically recognizes or celebrates the achievements or	
	The school staff regularly provides support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to enhance the personal growth and development of students.  The school staff sporadically supports the personal growth and development of students.  The school staff does little to support the personal growth and development of

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

# 2.6 Data Analysis Questions

Analyze the LEA's data and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of demographic and financial needs. Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students).

What perception data did you use?	CCRPI School Climate score as related to responses on the Georgia Student
	Health Survey

What does the perception data tell you?	CCRPI School Climate/Student Health Survey Data:2017 School Climate
,	indicates a 75.066 as rated by students on the Georgia Student Health Survey
	and a 2018 rating of 76.39.
	Disaggregation of the 2017 data shows that areas rated always by 3rd, 4th and
	5th graders respectively included "My school wants me to do well", "My school
	has clear rules to follow", and "There is an adult in my school who will help if I
	need it". Rated low on always by 3rd, 4th and 5th graders respectively were "I
	feel like I do well in school", "Good behavior is noticed at my school", "Students
	in my class behave so teachers can teach", and "Students treat each other well".
	A closer look at the data shows that responses from female students vs male
	students on the 2017 Student Health Survey were disproportionate in the
	following areas: "Students in my class behave so teachers can teach" F=4.37
	M=8.11; "Teachers treat me with respect" F=72.13 M=57.84; "I feel safe at
	school" F=68.85 M=54.60; and "I like school" F=32.79 M=22.16.
	Dissaggregation of the 2018 data shows that 3rd, 4th and 5th graders are more
	likely to say they "sometimes" or "often" say they like school as opposed to
	"always". When looking at female to male comparisons in regards to this
	questions, 32.65% of female students said "always" while only 17.05% of males
	responded "always". Student perceptions of whether they do well in school
	also show that both female and male students in grades 3rd, 4th and 5th are
	more likely to say "sometimes" or "often" as opposed to "always". Responses to
	questions regarding whether good behavior is noticed and whether students
	behave in class so that teachers can teach were in line with responses from the
	2017 survey and showed no significant differences between males and females.

What process data did you use?	Action Team Minutes, Grade Level Department Collaborative Meeting
	Minutes, Data Meeting Minutes, Lesson Plans, PBIS effectiveness data

### What does your process data tell you? Collaborative Planning Collaborative Teams meet once monthly with administrators and the expectation is that they will meet weekly within their individual groups. This is an area that we have targeted for growth for 19-20. While some teams do a good job, there is still some misunderstandings of what types of tasks should be completed during collaborative planning. We will focus more this year on specific agenda items and how each grade levels' standards build upon the next. **Data Meetings** Data Meetings are held once monthly with administrators and the expectation is that they will meet weekly within their individual groups. We have identified the need to look more closely at subgroup data but to also look more closely at specific content standards and domains to evaluate areas that need to be strengthened. **Action Team Meetings** Each certified staff member serves on an action team. Action teams provide feedback and recommendations for curriculum and instruction pieces. They facilitate the sharing of information from county office curriculum meetings with their grade levels. State Reportable offenses as documented in SLDS/PBIS are: 2016-2017 (Total 10, ISS 6, OSS 7), \*2017-2018 (Total 21, ISS 22, OSS 32), \*\*2018-2019 (Total 54, ISS 7, OSS 23). This was our first year of full implementation of PBIS so teachers now have a clearer understanding of what needs to be reported. We are also doing a better job of documenting, referring and being consistent. We feel that these factors contributed to the increase in our numbers. However, this still highlights a concern in terms of the number of students missing classroom instruction.

What achievement data did you use?	Georgia Milestones Data
	Attendance Support Team Data
	PBIS Data

\*Initial year of PBIS implementation
\*\*First full year of PBIS implementation

What does your achievement data tell you?	CCRPI Scores:
	2016 77.8 (Achievement Pts 35.9; Progress Pts 32.8; Achievement Gap Pts 6.7;
	Challenge Pts 2.4; Climate Rating 4 Stars)
	2017 75.5 (Achievement Pts 36.9; Progress Pts 28.3; Achievement Gap Pts 6.7;
	Challenge Pts 3.6; Climate Rating 4 Stars)
	***
	2018 85.3 (Content Mastery 81.5; Progress 92.3; Closing Gaps 75.0; Readiness
	86.3; Climate Rating 5 Starts)
	**** Calculations were redesigned between the 2017 and 2018 school year
	2019 data has not yet been released. However, preliminary raw data calculated
	at the school level indicates that ELA content mastery scores are expected to

#### What does your achievement data tell you?

increase by approximately 2.5 pts, Math content mastery scores are expected to increase by approximately 4.5 pts, Science content mastery scores are expected to decrease by approximately 2 pts and Social Studies content mastery scores are expected to increase by approximately 2 pts.

If this data holds true, it is imperative that we continue to focus on ELA and Math while insuring that Science and Social Studies are given equal attention. During collaborative planning we will make a concentrated effort to monitor how grades K-4 are assessing mastery and insuring the foundation is laid for 5th grade in both science and social studies.

State Reportable offenses as documented in SLDS/PBIS are:

2016-2017 (Total 10, ISS 6, OSS 7), \*2017-2018 (Total 21, ISS 22, OSS 32),

\*\*2018-2019 (Total 54, ISS 7, OSS 23). This

was our first year of full implementation of PBIS so teachers now have a clearer understanding of what

needs to be reported. We are also doing a better job of documenting, referring and being consistent.

We feel that these factors contributed to the increase in our numbers.

However, this still highlights a

concern in terms of the number of students missing classroom instruction.

\*Initial year of PBIS implementation

\*\*First full year of PBIS implementation

This data, along with student responses on the Georgia Health Survey, indicates that we need to continue to focus on recognizing and rewarding good behavior from students.

CCRPI Attendance Data:

Student attendance rates as measured by the CCRPI are: 2017-85.19,

\*2018-93.17,

\*\*2019-93.31. Although these scores have shown increases, we feel that this is an area that should be

monitored carefully as it can have a significant impact on student achievement (missing instruction).

\* Calculations were redesigned between the 2017 and 2018 school year

\*\*Predicted

What demographic data did you use?

Infinite Campus Reports

District/State Population Data

#### What does the demographic data tell you?

#### Race/Ethnicity

73.23% of the student population is White/Not of Hispanic origin. The total population at the end of the 18-19 school year was 818 students (96 Hispanic, 2 American Indian, 14 Asian, 71 African American, 599 White, 36 multi racial).

Gender

Female 398/Male 420

#### **Support Services**

LEP 58, ESOL 42, EIP 120, Gifted 100, 504 27, Free/Reduced 222/65, Spec Ed 99

#### 3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

# 3.1 Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Read the trends and patterns summaries from each section of the data analysis process. Use the information in these summaries to complete 3.2 and 3.3. Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.2. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

#### Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Coherent Instructional: Summarize the
coherent instructional system trends and
patterns observed by the team while
completing this section of the report. What
are the important trends and patterns that
will support the identification of student,
teacher, and leader needs?

#### Strengths

Well managed classrooms that use research based and data driven instructional strategies.

Challenges

Need to continue to focus on collaborative planning, in terms of not only implementation but content. Need to provide quality feedback to students and help students begin to set goals and monitor their own progress.

# Effective Leadership: Summarize the effective leadership trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

#### Strengths

Shared decision making through the use of action teams. Common vision and mission. School improvement plan based on data. Communication of rules, policies and protocols.

#### Challenges

Admin support in order to manage the change process, meaning monitor implementation of expectations, Need to support individual staff needs.

Professional Capacity: Summarize the professional capacity trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

#### Strengths

Shared decision-making through the action team process. Clear expectations, Professional learning linked to curriculum initiatives.

#### Challenges

Collaboration among staff members. Professional learning that reflects a variety of learning designs. Monitoring of how skills gained in professional learning are implemented in the classroom.

## Family and Community Engagement: Summarize the family and community engagement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

#### Strengths

Welcoming school and family atmosphere. Communication with stakeholders. <u>Challenges</u>

Involving the community in school events. Providing parent training and workshops.

#### Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

# Supportive Learning Environment: Summarize the supportive learning environment trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

#### Strengths

School and classroom environment that is conducive to learning. Safe school with clear rules and expectations. Culture of respect. Common mission and vision.

#### Challenges

Students monitoring their own progress and goals. Student and staff recognition.

Demographic and Financial: Summarize the demographic and financial trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Changing population with increases in subgroups not previously represented at Sharon Elementary School. Because we are a non-Title I school we must look elsewhere for resources to support curriculum and instruction as well as behavior.

Student Achievement: Summarize the student achievement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

While we have typically shown good achievement scores in ELA and Math we continue to struggle in Science and Social Studies. In addition, it is important that we look closely at subgroup data for gains and growth. Finally, based on our ELA achievement scores, we would expect to have a higher percentage of students meeting the midpoint Lexile target.

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths	
	Special Education
	Good student to teacher ratio.
	Subgroup made progress toward the target for 2018 CCRPI closing gaps in
	ELA.
	2019 data pending
	Economically Disadvantaged

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths	Subgroup met 6% of the improvement target for 2018 CCRPI closing gaps in ELA and Math, met the target for science and made progress but did not meet the target for social studies.  2019 data still pending  English Learners  History of success with moving students among stretch bands.  2018 CCRPI data showed a weighted score of 100% for progress towards English Language proficiency with 66.67% moving more than one band.  Subgroup met 6% of the improvement target for 2018 CCRPI closing gaps in ELA and Math.
	Subgroup met 6% of the improvement target for 2018 CCRPI closing gaps in ELA and Math. 2019 data still pending

Challenges	Special Education
	Need to insure that services are effective and meet individual student needs.
	Subgroup did not make progress and did not meet the improvement target for
	2018 CCRPI closing gaps in Math
	2019 data pending
	Economically Disadvantaged
	Increasing population with a need to make sure all stakeholders are equipped
	to meet the academic and social challenges associated
	English Learners
	Need to insure all stakeholders are aware of learning styles and cultural
	implications

#### 3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

# 3.2 Identification and Prioritization of Overarching Needs

Use the results of 3.1 to identify the overarching needs of the LEA. Determine the priority order of the identified needs based on data, team member and stakeholder knowledge, and answers to questions in the table below. Be sure to address the major program challenges identified in 3.1. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

#### Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need	Increase science achievement scores.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Worse
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	2

Additional Considerations	Address the need to monitor science standards during collaboration across all grade levels
	K-5). Increase the use of science text in other content areas.

#### Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need	Increase social studies achievement scores.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or worse over time?	Better
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	3

Additional Considerations	Address the need to monitor social studies standards during collaboration across all grade
	levels K-5). Increase the use of social studies text in other content areas.

#### Overarching Need #3

# Overarching Need # 3

Overarching Need	Increase ELA achievement scores and literacy components.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Better
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	1

Additional Considerations	Continue to focus on Lexile levels, growth at the 50% or higher for STAR reading and early
	literacy levels at probable/transitional level. Balance both fiction and non-fiction texts.

## Overarching Need # 4

Overarching Need	Closing gaps to insure that all students and subgroups make improvements in
	achievement rates.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Better
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	4

Additional Considerations	Use data resources to identify which students are in each subgroup. Be mindful of "parent
	selection" for race/ethnicity.

# Overarching Need # 5

Overarching Need	Decrease number of OSS and ISS incidents.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Worse
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	5

Additional Considerations	We believe the current downward trend is related to our full implementation of PBIS and
	staff now having a consistent idea of reportable offenses. Now that these parameters have
	been defined, through our PBIS committee and program we can begin to address specific
	areas of need.

#### 3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

# 3.3 Root Cause Analysis

Select the top 2-4 overarching needs from 3.2. Conduct a separate root cause analysis (RCA) for each need. Any RCA tools and resources can be used, but suggestions are available as part of the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u>. After describing the RCA process, complete a table for each selected overarching need.

#### Overarching Need - Increase science achievement scores.

#### Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Failure to monitor specific subgroups.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment
	Others:

Additional Responses	In order to impact our achievement and data we must look below the surface at specific
	individual needs and then base instruction on those needs that have been identified.

#### Root Cause # 2

Root Causes to be Addressed	Lack of collaboration among grade levels and across grade levels, in particular in the area of insuring standards are met and a foundation is laid for future instruction to build upon.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program

#### Root Cause # 2

Impacted Programs	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Others:
Additional Responses	Specific agenda items added for science to be addressed during collaboration such as unpacking standards and creating common assessments.

# Overarching Need - Increase social studies achievement scores.

#### Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Failure to monitor specific subgroups.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment
	Others:

Additional Responses	In order to impact our achievement and data we must look below the surface at specific
	individual needs and then base instruction on those needs that have been identified.

#### Root Cause # 2

Root Causes to be Addressed	Lack of collaboration among grade levels and across grade levels, in particular in the area
	of insuring standards are met and a foundation is laid for future instruction to build upon.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and

### Root Cause # 2

Impacted Programs	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and other School Leaders Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Others:

Additional Responses	Specific agenda items added for social studies to be addressed during collaboration such as
	unpacking standards and creating common assessments.

# Overarching Need - Increase ELA achievement scores and literacy components.

### Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Need to monitor specific subgroups.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment
	Others:

Additional Responses	In order to impact our achievement and data we must look below the surface at specific
_	individual needs and then base instruction on those needs that have been identified.

### Root Cause # 2

### Root Cause # 2

Root Causes to be Addressed	Need for collaboration among grade levels and across grade levels, in particular in the area of insuring standards are met and a foundation is laid for future instruction to build upon.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment
	Others:

Additional Responses	Specific agenda items for literacy to be addressed during data meetings such as benchmark
	data, common assessments and implementation of Journeys curriculum (with any areas
	needed support identified).

## Overarching Need - Closing gaps to insure that all students and subgroups make improvements in achievement rates.

### Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Need to monitor specific subgroups.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment
	Others:

Additional Responses	n order to impact our achievement and data we must look below the surface at specific
	individual needs and then base instruction on those needs that have been identified.

# Overarching Need - Decrease number of OSS and ISS incidents.

### Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Need to identify clear behavioral expectations and implement systems consistently.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment
	Others:

Additional Responses	During this second year of full PBIS implementation we will switch to a system which
	allows teachers/students/parents to identify specific areas of behavioral concern that are
	directly linked to our school expectations as well as to our district code of conduct.



# School Improvement Plan 2019 - 2020



Walton County
Sharon Elementary School

## **SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN**

# 1 General Improvement Plan Information

General Improvement Plan Information

District	Walton County School District
School Name	Sharon Elementary
Team Lead	Freda Doster

Fed	Federal Funding Options to Be Employed (SWP Schools) in this Plan (Select all that apply)		
<b>√</b>	✓ Traditional funding (all Federal funds budgeted separately)		
	Consolidated funds (state/local and federal funds consolidated) - Cohort systems ONLY		
	'FUND 400' - Consolidation of Federal funds only		

Factors(s) Used by District to Identify Students in Poverty (Select all that apply)	
✓	Free/Reduced meal application
	Community Eligibility Program (CEP) - Direct Certification ONLY
	Other (if selected, please describe below)

# 2.1 OverarchingNeed # 1

# Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Increase science achievement scores.
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Failure to monitor specific subgroups.
Root Cause # 2	Lack of collaboration among grade levels and across grade levels, in particular in the area
	of insuring standards are met and a foundation is laid for future instruction to build upon.
Goal	80% of students in grades k-2 will demonstrate an understanding of grade level standards
	within the GSE curriculum as measured by grade level common assessments. 75% of
	students in grades 3-4 will demonstrate mastery on a grade level common final assessment.
	Students in grade 5 will increase their achievement rate by 3% from the 18-19 school year
	as measured by the Georgia Milestones.

Action Step	Teachers in grades K-2 will create a rubric to assess students' understanding of grade level science standards.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Grade levels will report out at monthly curriculum meetings and will discuss overlapping
Implementation and Effectiveness	standards.
Position/Role Responsible	K-2 Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Teachers in grades 3-4 will create a comprehensive assessment which will be given at the mid-point of the year and at the end of the year to determine mastery. Teachers will create a uniform pacing guide to address standards. Teachers will increase non-fiction texts and documents that align with the curriculum.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Grade levels will report out at monthly curriculum meetings and will discuss overlapping
Implementation and Effectiveness	standards.
Position/Role Responsible	3-4 Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	5th grade teachers will focus on power standards and will create common assessments and pacing guides to align with the wights of domains/standards.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A

Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Grade levels will report out at monthly curriculum meetings and will discuss overlapping
Implementation and Effectiveness	standards.
Position/Role Responsible	5th grade teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,	
business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementating in	
carrying out this action step(s)?	

# 2.2 OverarchingNeed # 2

# Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Increase social studies achievement scores.
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Lack of collaboration among grade levels and across grade levels, in particular in the area
	of insuring standards are met and a foundation is laid for future instruction to build upon.
Root Cause # 2	Failure to monitor specific subgroups.
Goal	80% of students in grades k-2 will demonstrate an understanding of grade level standards
	within the GSE curriculum as measured by grade level common assessments. 75% of
	students in grades 3-4 will demonstrate mastery on a grade level common final assessment.
	Students in grade 5 will increase their achievement rate by 3% from the 18-19 school year
	as measured by the Georgia Milestones.

Action Step	Teachers in grades K-2 will create rubrics to assess students' understanding of grade level standards.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Teachers will meet in monthly collaborative planning to create and review rubrics.
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	K-2 Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Teachers in grades 3-4 will create a comprehensive assessment to assess student mastery of grade level standards. Teachers will create a uniform pacing guide. Teachers will increase the sue of nonfiction texts that align with grade level reading standards.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Grade levels will report out at monthly curriculum meetings and will discuss overlapping
Implementation and Effectiveness	standards.
Position/Role Responsible	3rd-4th Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	5th grade teachers will focus on power standards and will create common assessments and pacing guides that align with weighted domains/standards. 5th Grade Teachers will utilize the Gallopade curriculum and participate in professional learning.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A

Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Grade levels will report out at monthly curriculum meetings and will discuss overlapping
Implementation and Effectiveness	standards.
Position/Role Responsible	5th Grade Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

# 2.3 OverarchingNeed # 3

## Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Increase ELA achievement scores and literacy components.
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Need for collaboration among grade levels and across grade levels, in particular in the area
	of insuring standards are met and a foundation is laid for future instruction to build upon.
Root Cause # 2	Need to monitor specific subgroups.
Goal	Achievement scores for students in grades 3rd-5th on the ELA section of the Georgia
	Milestones will increase by 3% from the 18-19 scores. Students meeting the midpoint of
	the Lexile level, as measured by the Georgia Milestones will increase by 3%. 75% of the
	students in grades 1st and 2nd will obtain a SGP of 50% or higher as measured by STAR
	reading. 75% of kindergarten students will score in the probable/transitional range as
	measure by STAR Early Literacy.

Action Step	Literacy Ambassadors/Literacy Action Team Members will train teachers in grades K-2 on
	the Fountas and Pinnell benchmark assessment. All students in grades K-2 will be assessed
	on the Fountas and Pinnell Benchmark Assessment System. This assessment will be used
	to determine student reading levels throughout the year.
Funding Sources	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Teachers will meet in monthly collaborative planning and data meetings to discuss
Implementation and Effectiveness	assessment results and next steps. Teachers will participate in Fountas and Pinnell
	professional learning.
Position/Role Responsible	K-2 teachers, teacher leader, administration
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

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What partnerships with IHEs.	
What partnerships with IHEs,	
1 1	

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	All students in K-2 will have a WCSD Reading Profile Sheet. All students in grades K-5th
	will have a scored writing piece for genre, using the writing rubric.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Teachers will meet in monthly collaborative planning and data meetings to discuss
Implementation and Effectiveness	assessment results and next steps. Teachers will participate in writing professional learning
	and will work collaboratively to score students work samples.
Position/Role Responsible	K-2 teachers, teacher leader
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	All students in grades K-2nd will be assessed at a minimum of 4xs a year on the WCSD Fry
Transit Grap	Word Assessment Sheet.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Grade level literacy action team members will review expectations and progress with their
Implementation and Effectiveness	teams.
Position/Role Responsible	K-2nd teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

# 2.4 OverarchingNeed # 4

# Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Closing gaps to insure that all students and subgroups make improvements in
CNA Section 3.2	achievement rates.
Root Cause # 1	Need to monitor specific subgroups.
Goal	Subgroup data for all content areas will be included in data report outs and monthly data
	meetings.

Action Step	Each teacher will create and maintain a data spreadsheet that reflects all subgroups and their performance in all content areas. Reading and Math subgroups will also be
	maintained in the school data room.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Monthly Data meeting minutes
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	all teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

# 2.5 OverarchingNeed # 5

## Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Decrease number of OSS and ISS incidents.
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Need to identify clear behavioral expectations and implement systems consistently.
Goal	OSS and ISS referrals will decrease by 3% from the 18-19 referrals as measured by
	PBIS/SWIS.

Action Step	PBIS rewards will be implemented school wide to recognize and encourage positive behaviors.
Funding Sources	Title IV, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Monthly SWIS reports
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	PBIS team
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	The check in check out system will be implemented with students who have consistent
	behavior concerns.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Monthly PBIS data meetings.
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	PBIS data action team and classroom teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,	
business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementating in	
carrying out this action step(s)?	

#### **SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN**

### **3 Required Questions**

Required Questions

1 In developing this plan, briefly describe how the school sought advice from individuals (teachers, staff, other school leaders, paraprofessionals, specialized instructional support personnel, parents, community partners, and other stakeholders) was accomplished.

Our school improvement goals were developed with the involvement of members from all stakeholder groups at meetings, by email and through documents shared via the Google drive. We will continue to solicit feedback through our web page, school council, PTO and community supports.

2 Describe how the school will ensure that low-income and minority children enrolled in the Title I school are not served at disproportionate rates by ineffective, out-of-field, or inexperienced teachers. Sharon Elementary School is not a Title I school.

3 Provide a general description of the Title I instructional program being implemented at this Title I School. Specifically define the subject areas to be addressed and the instructional strategies/methodologies to be employed to address the identified needs of the most academically at-risk students in the school. Please include services to be provided for students living in local institutions for neglected or delinquent children (if applicable).

Sharon Elementary School is not a Title I school.

4 If applicable, provide a description of how teachers, in consultation with parents, administrators, and pupil services personnel, will identify eligible children most in need of services in Title I targeted assistance schools/programs. Please include a description of how the school will develop and implement multiple (a minimum of 2) objective, academic-based performance criteria to rank students for service. Also include a description of the measurable scale (point system) that uses the objective criteria to rank all students.

NA

5 If applicable, describe how the school will support, coordinate, and integrate services with early childhood programs at the school level, including strategies for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood education programs to local elementary school programs.

Our prek teachers complete the GELDS standards with their students. They will participate in monthly collaborative planning, professional learning, and data meetings. When possible, we will have vertical team meetings between prek and kindergarten to insure that students are prepared for the next steps.

6 If applicable, describe how the school will implement strategies to facilitate effective transitions for students from middle grades to high school and from high school to postsecondary education including:

Coordination with institutions of higher education, employers, and local partners; and

Increased student access to early college, high school, or dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities or career counseling to identify student interest and skills. NA

7 Describe how the school will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, specifically addressing the effects on all subgroups of students.

We are a PBIS school and our plan continually addresses the importance of focusing on positive behaviors. However, when discipline consequences are assigned we will continue to use a progressive discipline method with the goal of re-teaching appropriate behaviors. We will also consult with the district behavior specialist for general behavior suggestions as will as student specific needs related to behaviors. Finally, all staff will be trained on Mindset de-escalation with a small team being training on appropriate restraint.

#### ADDITIONAL RESPONSES

8 Use the space below to provide additional narrative regarding the school's improvement plan

We as a school feel that the success of our goals is prevalent upon our being consistent and collaborative over all departments and grade levels.